

DexRefine: Refine Human Motion to Physically Feasible Robotic Actions



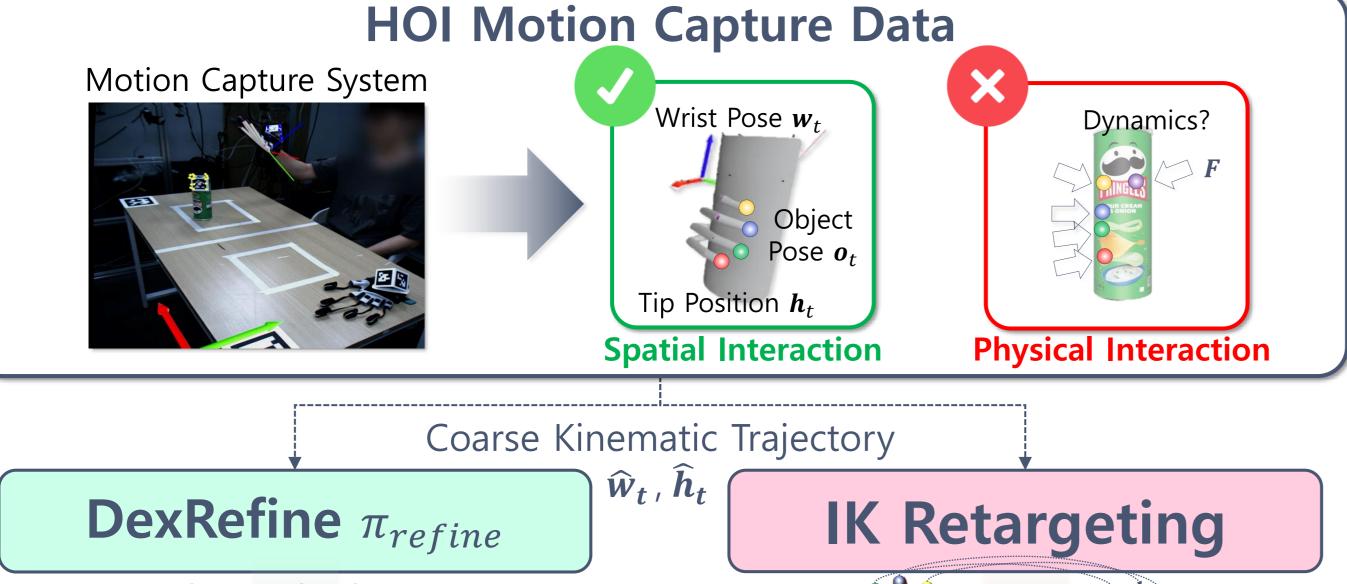
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MOTIVATIONS •

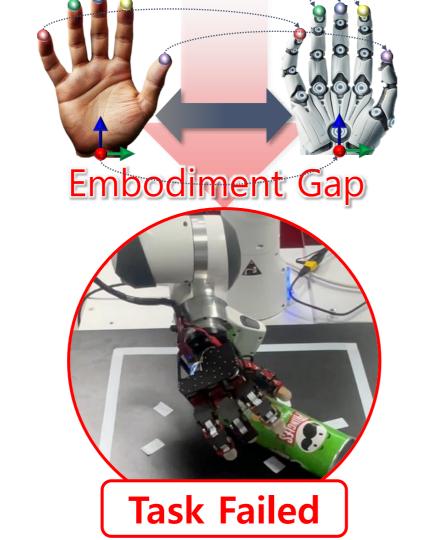
Motion capture data is a scalable and accessible resource for robot motion datasets. However, it suffers from two fundamental limitations: a lack of physical interaction data and the inherent embodiment gap between humans and robots. Consequently, direct motion retargeting is often a suboptimal solution.



Find Residual Action $\Delta w_t, \Delta h_t = \pi_{refine}(s_t)$

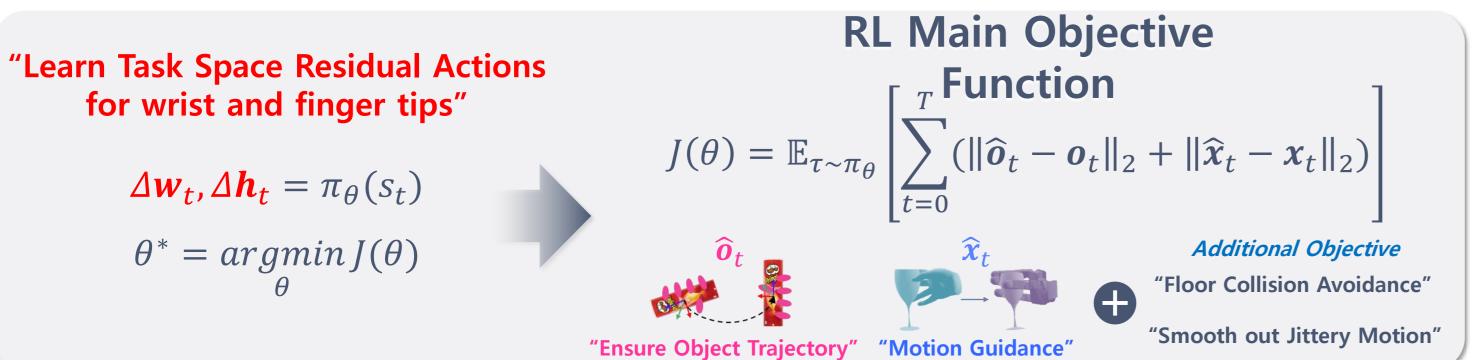
 $\Delta w_t, \Delta h_t = \pi_{refine}(s_t)$ Physical Feasible Robot Actions $\hat{w}_t \oplus \Delta w_t \quad \hat{h}_t + \Delta h_t$



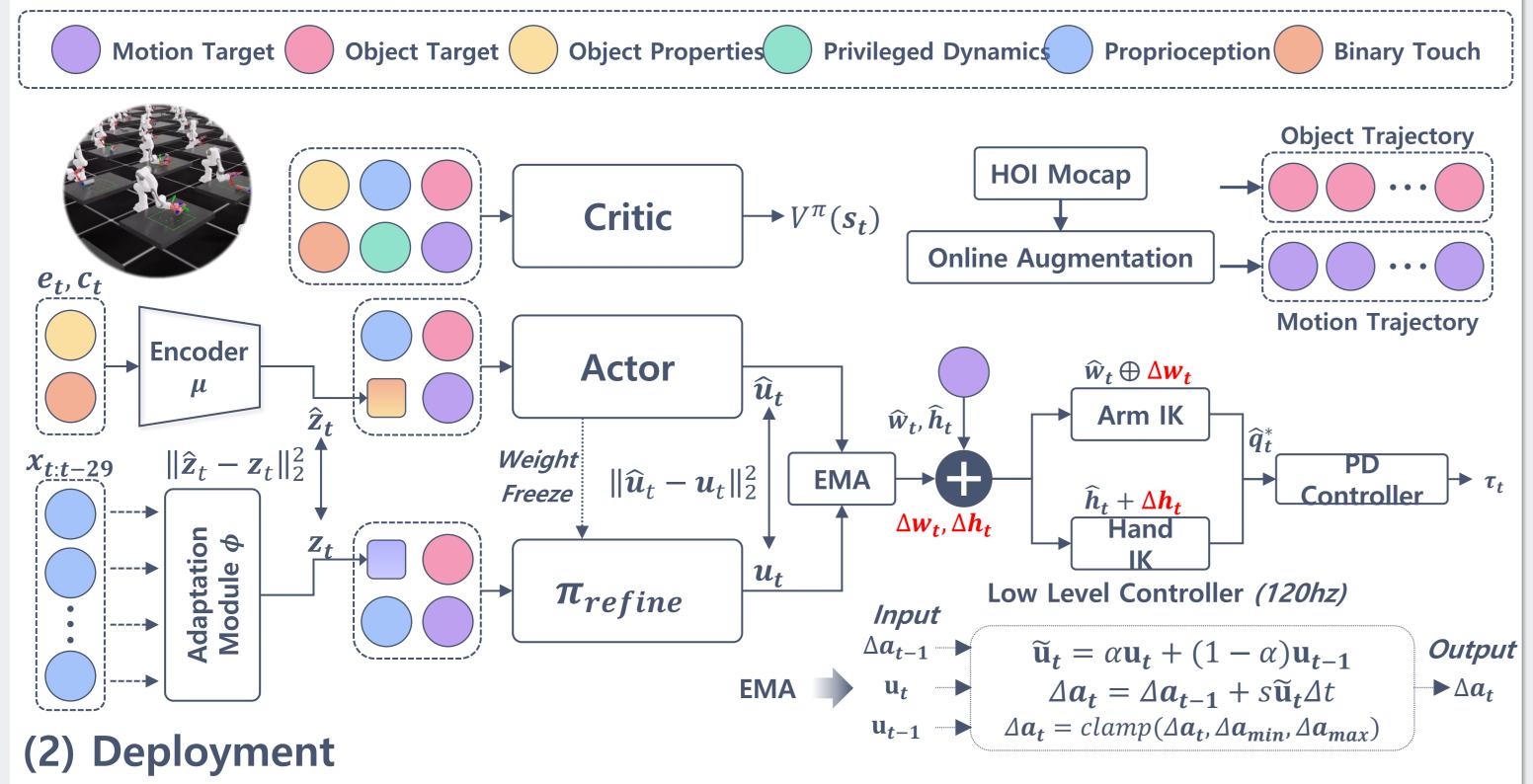


METHODS

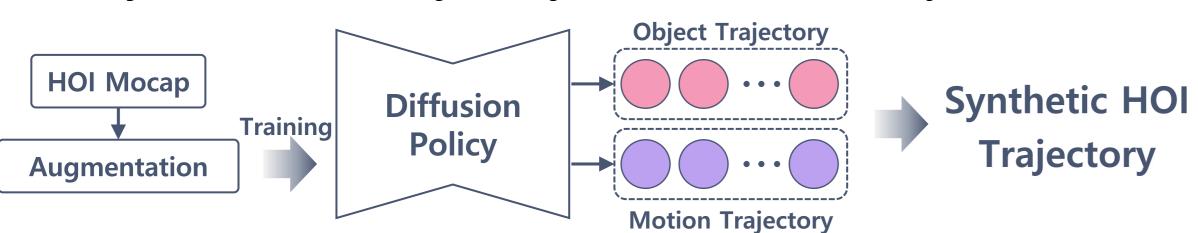
We propose **DexRefine**, a **task space residual reinforcement learning framework** that **refines human motion into physically feasible robot actions**. Our policy learns **residuals on the wrist and fingertips** to keep the object trajectory aligned with a given reference trajectory.



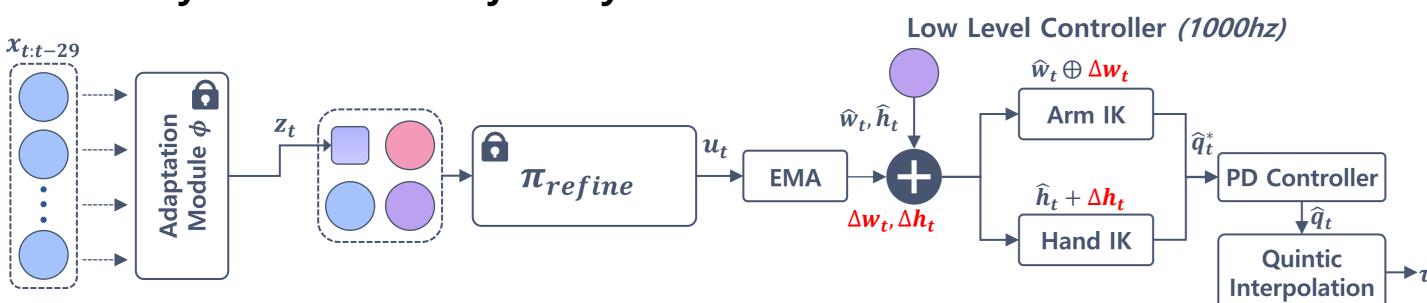
(1) Train Refinement Policy



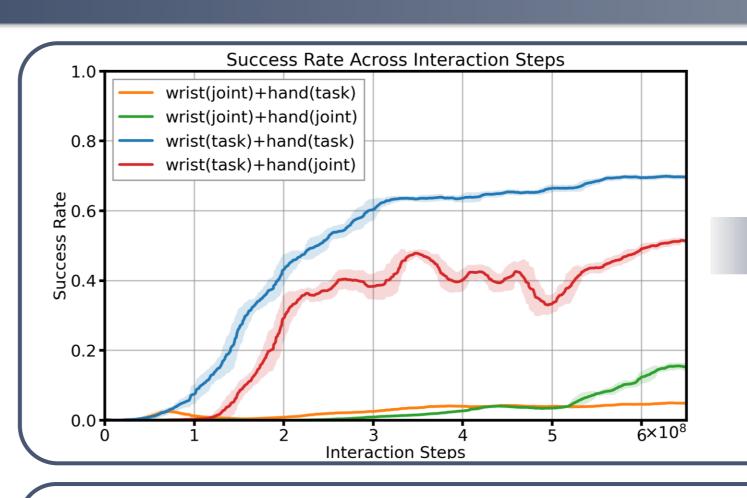
1. Generate Synthetic HOI Trajectory conditioned on Object Initial Pose.



2. Refine **Synthetic HOI Trajectory**.

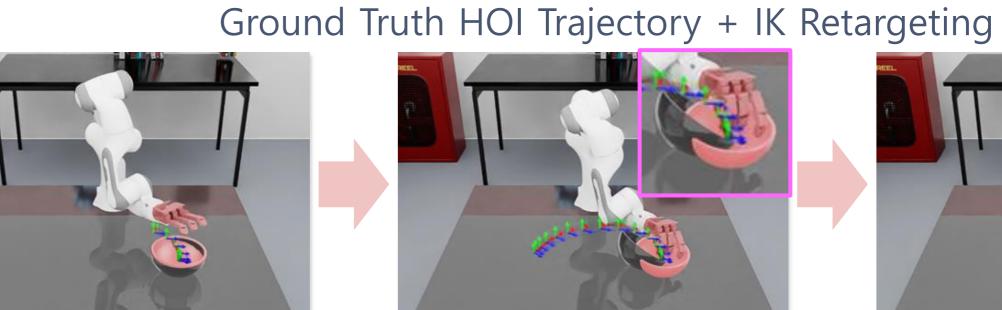


RESULTS

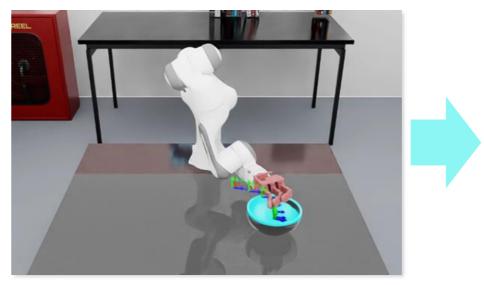


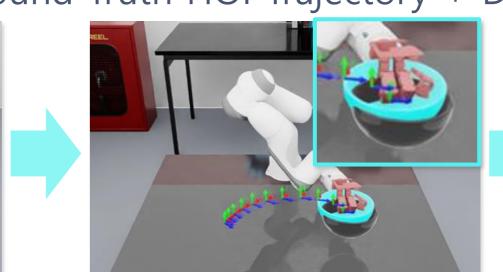
Learning residual actions in task space, particularly for the wrist, is the most critical component for task success.

Task 1: Pick and Place Bowl











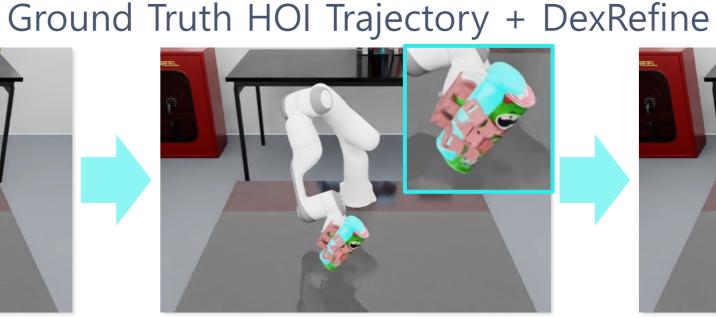
Task 2: Bottle Reorientation

Ground Truth HOI Trajectory + IK Retargeting



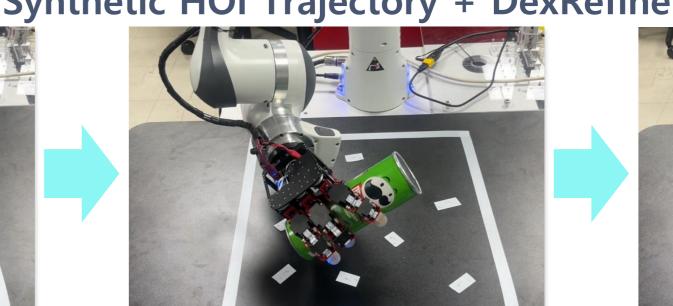






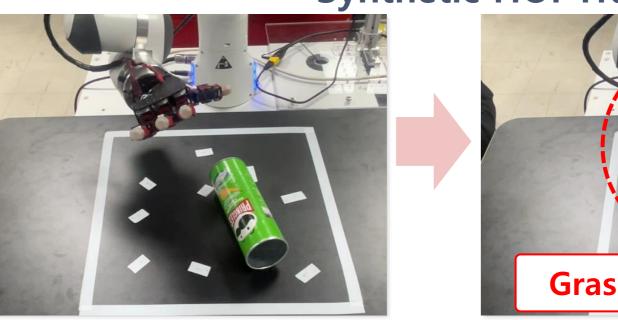


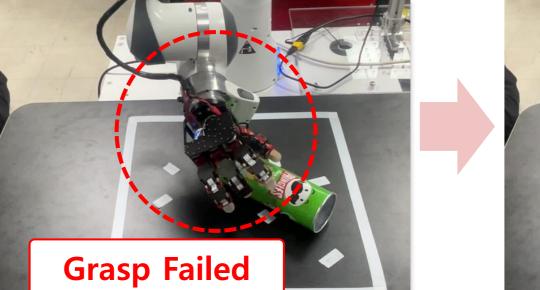
Task Settings	Reorientation Bottle	Pick and Place bowl
IK based Retargeting	14/105 (12.4%)	20/34 (58.8%)
Ours	92/105 (87.6%)	34/34 (100.0%)
C	unthetic HOI Trajectory + Days	Pafina





Synthetic HOI Trajectory + IK Retargeting







Method	Success Rate	OTE (m)	00E (°)
Synthetic HOI + DexRefine (Ours)	10/10	0.015 ± 0.011	5.82 ± 6.10
Synthetic HOI + IK	2/10	0.031 ± 0.046	11.75 ± 18.98

Discussion and Future Works

- We demonstrated that DexRefine, through task-space residual learning, effectively bridges the embodiment gap by generating behaviors, such as inhand manipulation, that were not present in the original demonstration data.
- Our future work will focus on extending and validating the DexRefine framework across a more diverse range of tasks and objects to evaluate its generalization capabilities.